1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 2 2nd Session of the 59th Legislature (2024) COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE 3 SENATE BILL NO. 1613 By: Garvin of the Senate 4 5 and Stinson of the House 6 7 8 9 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE 10 defining terms; limiting scope and location of 11 of supervision requirements; directing the State 12 Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision to

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An Act relating to the practice of medicine; creating the Graduate Physicians Act; providing short title; graduate physician practice; specifying applicability promulgate certain rules; specifying duration of licensure; authorizing certain penalties for noncompliance with specified standards; specifying allowed professional titles; making collaborating physician responsible for graduate physicians; requiring collaborative practice arrangement within specified time period; stipulating requirements for collaborating physician and collaborative practice arrangement; requiring arrangement to include certain provisions; directing promulgation of additional rules; imposing certain limits on collaborative practice arrangements; prohibiting certain disciplinary actions under certain circumstances; providing for identification and reporting of collaborating physicians; providing for publication and tracking of certain information; granting certain protections to collaborating physicians and graduate physicians; requiring certain identification badges; requiring completion of certification course; specifying applicability of collaborative practice agreements; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

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3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.1 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Graduate Physicians Act".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.2 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in this act:

- 1. "Graduate physician" means a medical school graduate who:
 - a. is a resident and citizen of the United States or a legal resident alien in the United States, and
 - b. has successfully completed Step 1 and Step 2 of the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE), or the equivalent of Step 1 and Step 2 of any other medical licensing examination or combination of examinations that is approved by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, within the two-year period immediately preceding the date of the person's application for licensure as a graduate physician, but

not more than three (3) years after graduation from a
medical school or school of osteopathic medicine;

2. "Graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement" means an agreement between a licensed physician and a graduate physician that meets the requirements of this act;

- 3. "Medical school graduate" means any person who has graduated from a medical school as described in Section 493.1 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes or a school of osteopathic medicine as described in Section 630 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes; and
- 4. "Primary care services" means medical services in pediatrics, internal medicine, and family medicine.
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.3 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall limit the graduate physician to providing primary care services in:

- 1. A medically underserved area of this state as designated by the Health Resources and Services Administration;
- 2. A rural community of this state as determined by the Health Care Workforce Training Commission; or
- 3. A rural health clinic as defined under Sections 1861 and 1905 of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C., Sections 1395x and 1396d).

SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.4 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Graduate physicians shall be subject to the supervision requirements established in any controlling federal law, any supervision requirements provided in this act, and any supervision requirements established by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision. Graduate physicians are not subject to any additional supervision requirements, other than the supervision requirements provided in this section.

- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.5 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision, in consultation with the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, may promulgate rules:
- 1. To establish the process for licensure of graduate physicians, supervision requirements, and additional requirements for graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements;
- 2. To set fees in an amount greater than or equal to the total costs necessary to facilitate the graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement each year; and
- 3. To address any other matters necessary to protect the public and discipline the profession.

B. A graduate physician's license issued pursuant to this act and the rules promulgated by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision shall only be valid for two (2) years from the date of issuance and is not subject to renewal. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners may deny an application for licensure or suspend or revoke the license of a graduate physician for violation of the standards provided in the Oklahoma Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and Supervision Act or the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine Act, or such other standards of conduct established by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners by rule.

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.6 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A graduate physician shall clearly identify himself or herself as a graduate physician and shall be permitted to use the identifiers "doctor" or "Dr." A graduate physician shall not practice, or attempt to practice, without a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement, except as otherwise provided in this act.

SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.7 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The licensed physician collaborating with a graduate physician shall be responsible for supervising the activities of the graduate physician and shall accept full responsibility for the primary care services provided by the graduate physician.

- SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.8 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. This act applies to all graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements. To be eligible to practice as a graduate physician, a licensed graduate physician must enter into a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement with a licensed physician no later than six (6) months after the date on which the graduate physician obtains initial licensure.
- B. Only a physician licensed by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners may enter into a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement with a graduate physician. Graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements shall take the form of a written agreement that includes mutually agreed-upon protocols and any standing orders for the delivery of primary care services. Graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements may delegate to a graduate physician the authority to prescribe, administer, or dispense drugs and provide treatment, as long as the delivery of the primary care services is within the scope of the graduate

- physician's practice and is consistent with the graduate physician's skill, training, and competence and the skill, training, and competence of the collaborating physician; except that a graduate physician shall not prescribe controlled dangerous substances. The collaborating physician shall be board-certified in the specialty that the graduate physician is practicing, which may only include pediatrics, internal medicine, or family medicine.
 - C. The graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall contain the following provisions:

- 1. Complete names, home and business addresses, and telephone numbers of the collaborating physician and the graduate physician;
- 2. A requirement that the graduate physician practice at the same location as the collaborating physician;
- 3. A requirement that a prominently displayed disclosure statement informing patients that they may be seen by a graduate physician, and advising patients that the patient has the right to see the collaborating physician, be posted in every office where the graduate physician is authorized to prescribe;
- 4. All specialty or board certifications of the collaborating physician and all certifications of the graduate physician;
- 5. The manner of collaboration between the collaborating physician and the graduate physician, including how the collaborating physician and the graduate physician will:

a. engage in collaborative practice consistent with each professional's skill, training, education, and competence, and

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maintain geographic proximity. However, the graduate b. physician collaborative practice arrangement may only allow for geographic proximity to be waived for no more than twenty-eight (28) days per calendar year for rural health clinics, as long as the graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement includes alternative plans as required by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision. The exception to the geographic proximity requirement applies only to independent rural health clinics, provider-based rural health clinics if the provider is a critical access hospital as provided in 42 U.S.C., Section 1395i-4, and provider-based rural health clinics if the primary location of the hospital sponsor is more than twentyfive (25) miles from the clinic. The collaborating physician shall maintain documentation related to the geographic proximity requirement and present the documentation to the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision upon request;

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- 6. A requirement that the graduate physician shall not provide patient care during an absence of the collaborating physician for any reason;
- 7. A list of all other graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements of the collaborating physician and the graduate physician;

- 8. The duration of the graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement between the collaborating physician and the graduate physician;
- 9. A provision describing the time and manner of the collaborating physician's review of the graduate physician's delivery of primary care services. The provision shall require the graduate physician to submit to the collaborating physician a minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the charts documenting the graduate physician's delivery of primary care services for review by the collaborating physician or by any other physician designated in the graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement every fourteen (14) days after the initial observation year. For the first three (3) months of the initial observation year, the collaborating physician shall review one hundred percent (100%) of the charts documenting the graduate physician's delivery of primary care services. For months four (4) through twelve (12), the collaborating physician shall review seventy-five percent (75%) of

- 1 the charts documenting the graduate physician's delivery of primary
 2 care services; and
 - 10. A requirement that a collaborating physician be on premises if the graduate physician performs services in a hospital or emergency department.
- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.9 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision, in consultation with the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, shall promulgate rules regulating the use of graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements for graduate physicians. The rules shall specify:
 - 1. The geographic areas to be covered;

- 2. The methods of treatment that may be covered by the graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement;
- 3. The educational methods and programs to be performed during the collaborative practice service, developed in consultation with deans of medical schools and primary care residency program directors in this state, which shall facilitate the advancement of the graduate physician's medical knowledge and capabilities, the successful completion of which may lead to credit toward a future residency program that deems the documented educational achievements

of the graduate physician through the methods and programs acceptable; and

- 4. Require review of the services provided under a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement.
- B. A collaborating physician shall not enter into a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement with more than three graduate physicians at the same time.
- SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.10 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision, in consultation with the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners, shall promulgate rules applicable to graduate physicians that are consistent with the guidelines established for federally funded clinics. The rulemaking authority granted to the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision in this subsection does not extend to graduate physician collaborative practice arrangements of hospital employees providing inpatient care within hospitals.
- B. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall not deny, revoke, suspend, or otherwise take disciplinary action against a collaborating physician for primary care services delegated to a graduate physician as long as the provisions of this section and any

applicable rules promulgated by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision are satisfied.

- C. Within thirty (30) days of any licensure change, the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners shall require every physician to identify whether the physician is engaged in a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement, and to report to the physician's licensing board the name of each graduate physician with whom the physician has entered into an arrangement. Each board may make the information available to the public. The State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision shall track the reported information and may routinely conduct reviews or inspections to ensure that the arrangements are being carried out in compliance with this act.
- D. A contract or other agreement shall not require a physician to act as a collaborating physician for a graduate physician against the physician's will. A physician has the right to refuse to act as a collaborating physician, without penalty, for a particular graduate physician. A contract or other agreement shall not limit the collaborating physician's authority over any protocols or standing orders, or delegate the physician's authority to a graduate physician. However, this subsection does not authorize a physician in implementing protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards for safe medical practice established by a hospital's medical staff.

E. A contract or other agreement shall not require a graduate physician to serve as a graduate physician for any collaborating physician against the graduate physician's will. A graduate physician has the right to refuse to collaborate, without penalty, with a particular physician.

- F. All collaborating physicians and graduate physicians under a graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall wear identification badges while acting within the scope of the arrangement. The identification badges shall prominently display the licensure status of the collaborating physician and the graduate physician.
- SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 479.11 of Title 59, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The collaborating physician shall complete a certification course, which may include material on the laws pertaining to the professional relationship. The certification course must be approved by the State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or the State Board of Osteopathic Examiners.
- B. A graduate physician collaborative practice arrangement shall supersede current hospital licensing regulations governing hospital medication orders under protocols or standing orders for the purpose of delivering inpatient or emergency care within a hospital as defined in Section 1-701 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma

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Statutes, if the protocols or standing orders have been approved by
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    the hospital's medical staff and pharmaceutical therapeutics
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    committee.
        SECTION 12. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024.
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